

Internship Brief

Fumiko Kojiro

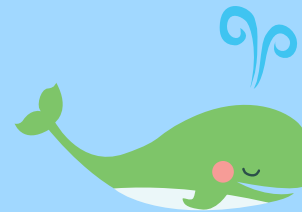


ART293 Spring 2018

Instructor: Ailed E. Garcia
Supervisor: David Nickles

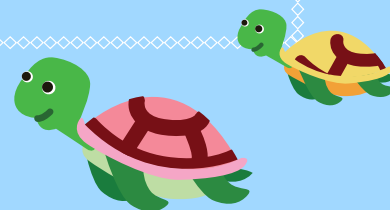
Reflection

I continued to work at the Waikiki Aquarium as my final internship. There are several projects and I wanted to do a lot of projects there. Aquarium has several departments and they ask graphic team to make design posters, brochure, taking photos, making characters and update website etc. We have to do time-management well and communicate with department facilities.



Internship Schedule

2/7-4/11
Wednesdays & Fridays 8 hours
TOTAL hours completed : 160 hours



Strengths & Weaknesses

I can use my educational background to support design concept. There are lots of Japanese tourists that visit the aquarium. I am capable of translating so I worked on audio guide recording. Also my strength is create new characters. Those of things are my strengths.

I wish I could speak English fluency. It helps more easy to communicate with people and get more work done faster.

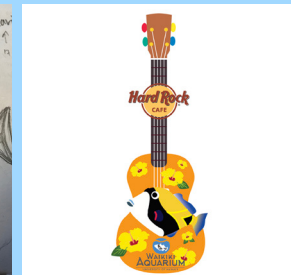
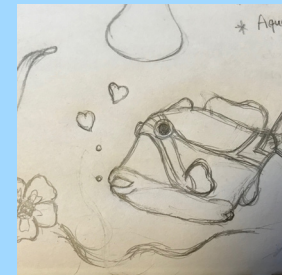
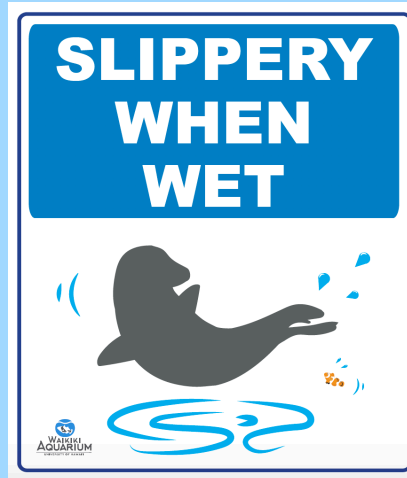
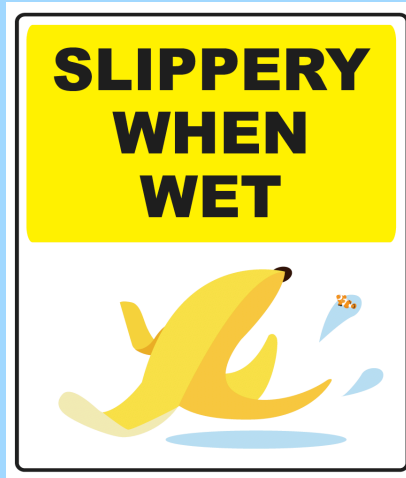
Work Samples

Posters, flyers & SNS



Work Samples

Posters and Signs



58 What are Corals?

WE GROW CORALS FOR RESEARCH, EDUCATION AND CONSERVATION

Worldwide, coral reefs are under increasing human impact.
The Waikiki Aquarium is a coral propagation pioneer, coral fragging. We can restore damaged coral reefs by outplanting.

Coral Propagation
We culture over 500 coral species from a variety of locations across the Pacific. Each colony begins as a small branch tip collected from the ocean, that is attached to a plug in a grow-out tray. The fragments may grow 7" (18 cm) annually, so we prune off the extra growth. We share this harvest with other aquariums and researchers.

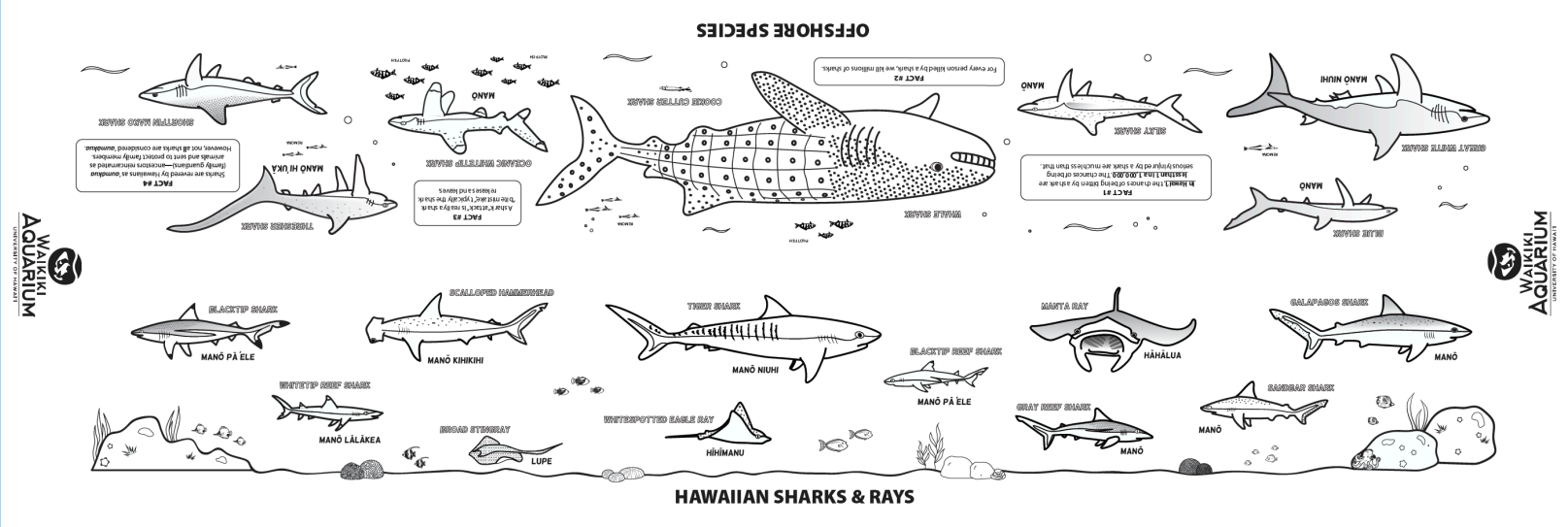
The Coral Farmer's Growing Guide

- Keep the water warm and moving.**
Corals require water motion in temperatures between 72°F and 82°F (22°-28°C).
- Provide plenty of sunlight and fertilizer.**
Corals thrive in tropical sunlight. Dinoflagellates called zooxanthellae living inside the corals use the light energy for photosynthesis, producing energy-rich compounds that the corals can use for nutrition. Seawater provides natural "fertilizers" and promotes coral growth.
- Include a community of herbivores.**
The fishes and other reef dwellers in this farm are busy "weeding," grazing down the seaweeds that smother coral.



Work Samples

Coloring Sheet 6foot



Work Samples

Window Display



